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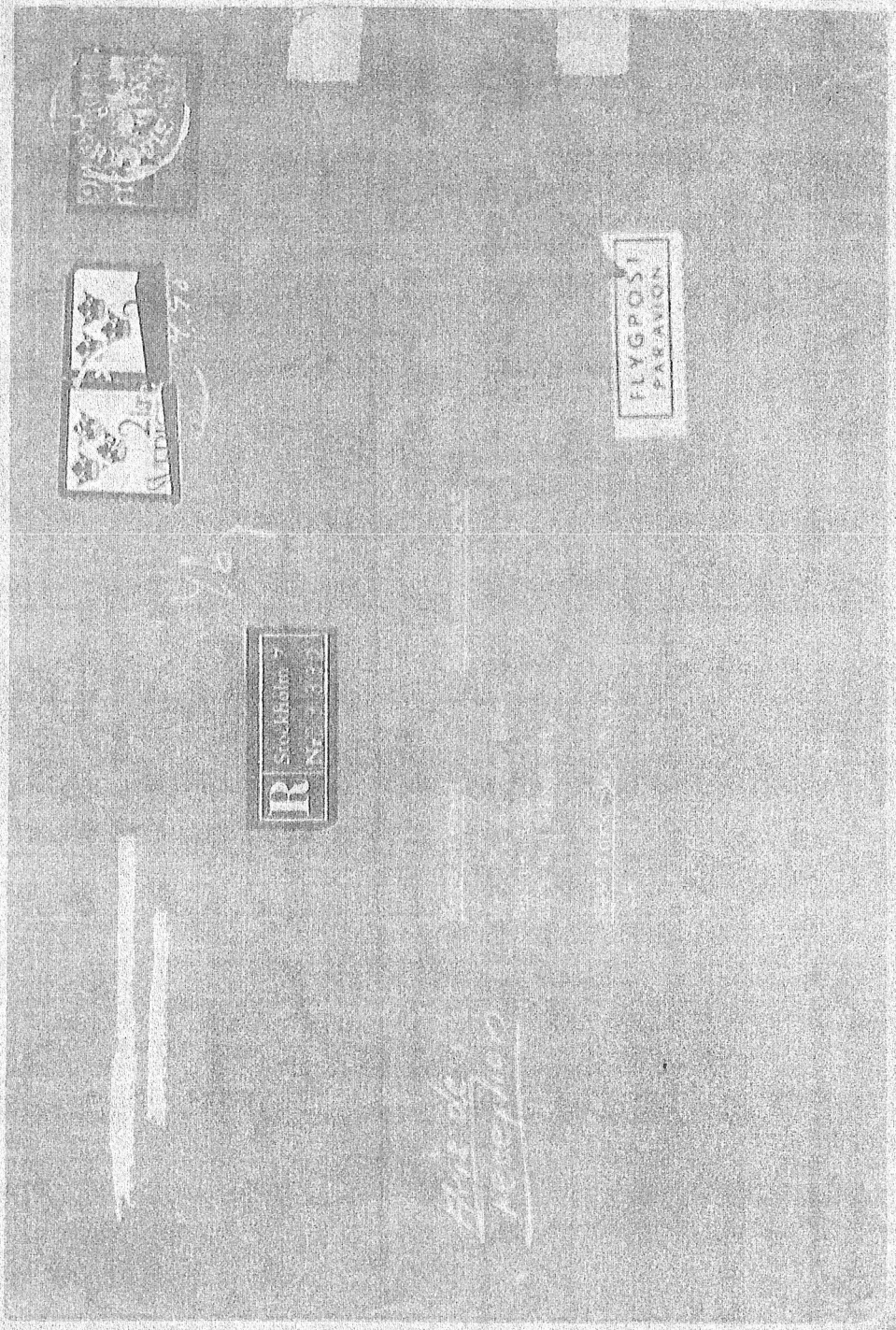
registered mail



R E S U M E

of

Richard Allan Rye

[redacted]

Washington, D.C.
(202) 333-5191

MAR 2 5 1957

Vital Statistics:

Age: 27 Birthdate: 10/19/29 Birthplace: Minneapolis, Minn. Citizen: U.S.A.
Married, Married, three children Nationality: English & German descent.
Education: Grammar, Junior & High School - Mpls. Public Schools - U.S.C.G.A.
College: Equivalent in Engineering (Civil & Electronics) and Administration.
Military: Veteran, U.S. Air Force (Radio Operator) 1947-51 Honorable Discharge.
Reserve Status: Not currently a member of any military reserve unit.

EXPERIENCE:

Investigations: Two years experience in professional investigation including
1955-57 Metro. insurance and private. Also, Commercial Intelligence.

Operations -- Airline -- Three years experience in all phases of airline operations
1955-56 and administration with two major local service airlines and one
Schools & major International airline. From Station Manager to Director
Instructor of Operations.

[redacted]

Arms Outdistancing Policy in Grim Race

By George C. Wilson
Washington Post Staff Writer

The world's arms race has reached a critical new phase in which man's weapons have far outdistanced his policies for controlling them.

This hard fact of international life is the legacy of three new weapons advances in the United States, Russia and China which the public has been told very little about.

These are the developments escalating the arms race:

• The new Poseidon missile the U.S. plans to install in Polaris submarines is far more than just another IC&M. It is really several missiles in one since it carries several bombs in its warhead to penetrate the defense and hit the target.

• The Russian anti-ballistic-missile (A B W) system which is being deployed appears far more advanced than it has been given credit for, adding a new factor to East-West strategic balance calculations.

• The Red Chinese in their latest nuclear test fired a short-range missile at supersonic speed—not a primitive rig as some had speculated.

The White House and Defense Department have refused to give out these and

See WARHEAD, A3, Col. 1

strategic Deterrent

Insurance Asked

Congress this year has assisted Secretary McNamara's take out some additional insurance by putting the Nike X anti-missile system into production. McNamara has refused to go that far but has refused to go along with Congress' call for a "crash program" of deployment. How many presidents Congress can override and whether Johnson will go along with Congress to go into production of Nike X depends on the Soviet

die," a defense Secretary U. S. McNamara announced in one breath last week that the Russians were developing an ABM system and we were developing a new missile to penetrate it.

Multiple Warhead

• That new missile is the Poseidon destined for the U.S. fleet of 41 nuclear-powered submarines. Although its immediate predecessor, the Polaris A-3, also has the ability to break up into a bunch of little warheads to penetrate the defenses, the Pentagon says the Poseidon will carry twice the payload and be twice as accurate.

• Its multiple warhead has not been disclosed. President Johnson has said only

they other strategic weapons they may be developing.

Counterforce

The U.S. would use its retaliatory missiles mainly against enemy missiles and bombers.

If U.S. weapons were numerous and accurate enough, they could be fired in stages. The first stage might take out the remaining Russian missile sites in their own homeland. This would provide a pause for negotiation before the cities would have to be attacked.

The political underpinning for this U.S. military strategy is the assumption we would not strike first. That, a sizable portion of U.S. forces must be able to survive an attack and then get through enemy defenses to destroy him.

tdistanding Policies for Control

cern is the size of the installations Russia is building for the anti-missile system it appears to be deploying. The radar facility's look, to some officials, too large to go with any missiles Russia has chosen to parade before the West.

The theory—and it is only that—is that Russia is working on an anti-missile defense which would knock down U.S. missiles far out in space rather than in the atmosphere.

The ultimate anti-missile missile is one which intercepts enemy missile [illegible] as it is launched—before the confusing cluster of warheads can separate. But the consensus is that both the U.S. and Russia are far from technologically.

Another reason for the disagreement about what Russia is up to is that the U.S. has obtained photographs of gantries for missiles bigger than any seen by the West. One suspicion is that Russia may be testing an advanced missile which could use the same cluster penetration technique as Poseidon.

If clusters of warheads really are the most effective weapons for the future, one current is that Russia's largest thrust rocket would be able to carry a whole bunch of them and thus reduce its missile gap with the U.S.

This is another question for world policy leaders to ponder as they calculate today's strategic balance in arms.

Such calculation must also take Chinese missile progress into account. Interviews indicated that the officials most knowledgeable about nuclear weapons are also the ones who take Red Chinese nuclear progress most seriously.

"We all have read the same textbooks," said one such official. "There is no reason to doubt that Chinese cannot build the nuclear missiles they want."

What worries this official most is the evidence that Red China is out to get operational missiles in the shortest possible time rather than refine the science of nuclear weaponry.

If Red China has more of the 500-mile-range missiles it used in its latest test and has produced the nuclear warheads for them, China already is a varsity entry in the arms race—despite its late start.

The weapons progress of the U.S., Russia and China—the arms specialists agree—is impressive. The question is whether the policies for controlling these weapons can catch up.

ISC SURC

[illegible] 3 LANSD

[illegible] armament balance.

Insurance Asked

Congress this year has insisted Secretary McNamara take out some additional insurance by pushing the U.S. Nike-X antimissile system into production. McNamara has refused to do this so far. Pressure has been much pressure Congress exerts on President Johnson and McNamara to go into production on Nike-X depends on the lawmak-

• That new missile is the Poseidon destined for the U.S. fleet of 41 nuclear powered submarines. Although its immediate predecessor, the Polaris A-3, also can be able to reach up into a bunch of little warheads to deliver the destruction, the Pentagon says Poseidon will carry more and be more accurate.

• The multiple warhead has not been declared. President Johnson has said only

Countervalue is the term the U.S. would use to retaliate — mainly missiles and bombers.

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The political uncertainties for this U.S. military strategy is the assumption that Russia would not strike first. Thus, Washington would have to be able to survive an attack and then retaliate in such force that the enemy would be destroyed by the counter blow.

COPY

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I could appreciate hearing from you within a week's time.

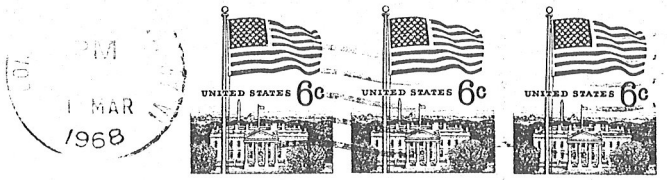
Very truly yours,

1961

encs.

registered mail

Richard A. Rye
420 Lexington Avenue
Rm. 1634
New York, N.Y. 10017



Mr. Harold Weisberg
ROUTE #7
FREDERICK, Md.

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